THE N°. 153.

ARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

WEDNESDAY, *March* 30, 1748.

Eutrapilus *cuicunque noctre volebat.* HOR.

Mr. GREEN,

HAVE ſeen a Thing in one of your Papers, which I am at a Loſs what to call, and, I believe, *Adam* himſelf would have been puzzled to find a Name for it; ſuch a motley Piece of Patch-Work, as to be ſure never appeared in the World before. gh I muſt acknowlege, that upon reading a few of the I expected ſome Diverſion, imagining them a Burleſque Mr. *Pope*'s laſt Dialogue; but when I had got a little far- and ſeen a ſerious Note at the Bottom of the Sheet, af- in the Manner of Mr. *Pope*, I could not diſcover, nor et, nor do I think your Correſpondent himſelf knows, her he was in Jeſt or in Earneſt upon the whole.

any Man in our Days had a Right to laſh the Vices of the and diſtinguiſh true Merit from baſe Counterfeit, and vile ——ſurely it was Mr. *Pope*. Praiſe by Virtue for Vir- like that precious Ointment *Solomon* ſpeaks of, and is a indeed. But ſhould ſome obſcure *Grub-ſtreet* Student af- that Province, and make bold to inſert his Betters Names, his vile pedantic Traſh,——his Pretenſions, no Doubt, indiſputable to that Exaltation many of his Predeceſſors aſpired to, and juſtly reached.

my humble Opinion, there could not be a much more ſful Way to diſparage good Senſe and Virtue, than the uſes of a ſtupid Rhymeſter. What wiſe Man would not Concern behold the Approbation of a Fool; or honeſt that of a T——d? I will not pronounce of the former; r the latter Qualification, I will take Leave to aſſert your or eminent.

grieves and ſhames me much, to defile Mr. *Pope*'s Name e mention in ſuch Company as that of your Correſpon- But as he has had the Courage to ſteal ſome Characters eat Perſons immortaliz'd by Mr. *Pope*, and endeavour'd to them on us for his own, I could not ſhun the Temptation poſing the Fraud, for the Benefit of thoſe who might not aps be apprized of it.

NY one that pleaſes to turn to Mr. *Pope*'s two laſt Dia- s, may there behold ſome of the Characters this honeſt leman has adopted, and applied to his Friends in your s-paper; and the reſt elſwhere, *Murray* compared to , &c.

F theſe mock Praiſes came from another Sort of Hand, would to be ſure be moſt barbarous Uſage; and, I think, erſion of common Underſtanding could take them otherwiſe. who has any Pretenſions to be celebrated in your Papers as moſt eminent in all Profeſſions, by thoſe which will ſtand the of Ages? What the Man means by his Rhymes, no Mor- an gueſs: If Abuſe, he has gained his Point; for all the Words in the World cannot come near the vile Encomi- of a Blockhead with his Mouth full of D—gs.

LET Vice be loaded with the moſt odious Terms; let it e- be fam'd for Virtue by a wicked Ap—th——ry, the more xpoſe it to the Contempt of all Men; let conceited, apiſh, nicking Coxcombs of all Profeſſions (whom I hate as I do a ief), be the Marks of Ridicule, and not permitted to roach beyond their Sphere; let Vices and Folly be fairly at- ked whereſoever found. But, by the Way, let us not be ſcribed to by L—b-l—y Boys, and Under-ſtrappers of —th——ies, who have the Diſhoneſty to ſteal their Phyſici- s Receipts, and the Ignorance to think to paſs them for their own. If we are to have our Conſtitution amended, I hope it ſhall be by another Kind of Practitioners, who have the good Fortune of ſome better Tutoring than from the chyming Muſic of a Mortar and Peſtle. But (to take off the Parallel) if we are to have Dictators, I hope they will be ſuch as have more good Breeding, and Honour and Conſcience, and Gratitude, than to ſlander the Community where they live, and moſt of all their Friends; in a Clime where they enjoy many extraordinary Privileges needleſs now to enumerate. Monſters of Ingratitude! Which may ſuffice to characteriſe them on this Occaſion.

Your's and your Friend's to Command,

PHILO-KALUS.

CHARLES-TOWN, South-Carolina, January 23.

On Friday laſt (the new Aſſembly having then made a Houſe, and choſen their Speaker) his Excellency the Governor made the following Speech to both Houſes of Aſſembly.

'*Honourable Gentlemen of the Council, Mr. Speaker, and Gen-*
'*tlemen of the Aſſembly,*

'SINCE my laſt Speech to a former General Aſſembly, 'the affairs of this province have taken a very happy turn. 'Providence has bleſſed us with a plentiful crop, our produce 'yields a good price, and our ſucceſs in Indigo ſeems to be 'certain. I congratulate you upon this deſirable ſituation of 'affairs, upon this pleaſing proſpect. And it is with ſatisfac- 'tion that I ſee gentlemen in this Aſſembly ſo well acquainted 'with the conſtitution and circumſtances of the country.

'I have called you together to have your advice and aſſiſtance 'in the diſpatch of the public buſineſs, and as I am determined 'it ſhall meet with no obſtruction from me, I hope on your 'parts it will be conducted with prudence and expedition.

'I have given great attention to our *Indian* affairs, and with 'pleaſure acquaint you that we have a perfect good underſtan- 'ding with all the nations around us, and that there is not an 'enemy *Indian* within a thouſand miles of *Charles-Town*, but 'how permanent this peace may be, I dare not determine; for 'it muſt be conſider'd, that the *French* have ſmall forts in ſome 'of theſe nations, which very much over awes them; whereas 'the *Engliſh* have none: However it ſhall be my continual care, 'as it has hitherto been, to preſerve their friendſhip, which is 'ſo valuable, and ſo abſolutely neceſſary to this province.

'Many of our veſſels having fallen into the hands of the ene- 'my, I thought it requiſite for the defence of our coaſts, and 'the protection of our trade, to hire two ſloops for the ſpace 'of one month. It coſt me ſome pains and trouble before they 'were got ready for the ſea, but I am fully repaid by the ſuc- 'ceſs they have had. If you think the ſervice was neceſſary, 'I preſume you will think it juſt that the public and not the 'governor ſhould bear the expence, an eſtimate of which ſhall 'be laid before you; and I hope you will think it adviſeable to 'continue them a month longer.

'I recommend to you to make ſome alteration in your elec- 'tion law, or ſome addition to it; for it has not been found to 'anſwer the ends for which it was enacted.

Jan. 22, 1747,8. JAMES GLEN.

To which Speech the Commons Houſe return'd the following Addreſs.

'*May it pleaſe your Excellency,*

'WE his majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal ſubjects, the 'Commons Houſe of Aſſembly of this province, now 'met in General Aſſembly, beg leave to return your excellen- 'cy our thanks for your Speech delivered to us yeſterday, and 'at the ſame time to aſſure you, that we will give due aten- 'tention to the ſeveral matters recommended by your excel-

'lency.

'lency, and do every thing in our power for the service of his 'majesty, and the welfare of the people we represent.

'It is with great satisfaction, that we hear from your excel-'lency, that we are in a state of peace and tranquility with the 'Indian nations around us, and we hope this good understand-'ing will be kept up and continued.

WILLIAM BULL, *jun.* Speaker.

January 23, 1747-8.

MADRID.

October 2. A French frigate, coming from the Missisippi, having been chased off Cape Finisterre by a squadron of 10 English men of war, made all the sail he could to get into a small port of Galicia; but the captain finding himself likely to fall into the hands of the enemy, and having two hours sail of them, he landed his cannon, rigging, and all the cargo he was able, and on the approach of the English within cannon-shot, blew up his ship. The English then tacked about, and the French captain began to make an inventory of every thing he had landed; but the Spanish commissary of the marine spared him the pains, by seizing the whole under pretence that the frigate was an illicit trader, and the goods contraband; and founded his pretence on some chests of piastres, paid for French merchandize. The French officer protested, that the Spaniards who go to the Missisippi, never pay for what they buy but in that specie, which was very current there, and that the said chests were remitted by some inhabitants of the Missisippi; but the commissary paid no regard to these allegations. Complaints have been made to the bishop of Rennes by the captain; but the minister of sea affairs affirms, that the confiscation of the effects is valid, because the frigate touch'd at the Havannah: To this the captain replied, That it was only to take in water and fresh provisions. This affair makes a great noise, but it is thought the French ambassador will occasion the seizure to be annulled, and cause every thing to be restored to the captain.

Extract of a Letter from the Hague, dated Nov. 3.

There are some people here who continue loudly to cry up the pacific dispositions of the French king, and who endeavour to demonstrate that they are sincere, and that this prince is weary of the war: This may possibly be the case, but there are many others who don't believe a word of it, because they know that his generals and ministers, who increase their wealth and power by a continuance of it, have not yet spilt blood, nor laid waste countries enough. The government here seem to think with these last, and are therefore taking vigorous resolutions; but every thing is yet executed with excessive slowness, and the salutary councils of the stadtholder are so often traversed by bad subjects, who look upon themselves to be in a desperate way, in having no longer the management of certain affairs, that every thing goes on in a crosgrained manner. So that those who wish well to their country, are afraid, that with the best intentions in the world, and the millions with which the fiftieth penny will fill the treasury, we shall as usual be too late in the field next spring; and that after the two vigilant Counts Saxe and Lowendahl shall have given some blow, the government will perhaps about the middle of November, send people to raise new regiments, or to negociate them. In these cases, when will they be compleat, or when be able to arrive at the place where they are wanted? Thus talk the true patriots.

It's generally believed that his Britannic majesty, their High Mightinesses, and the King of Sardinia, are desirous of peace, but nobody thinks the same of the court of Vienna. The answer which the Empress Queen has just given to the proposition of an overture of a congress at Aix la Chapelle, being so loose and indefinite, that it determines nothing. Reflections are made too upon the circumstance of the choice of this same city of Aix to be the general quarters of the Austrian commanders, who, we are told, will place a garrison there of three battalions, which by no means seems to agree with the assembly of a congress, but quite contrary. For if this place had been actually pitched on for the ministers of the powers of war to meet at, Count Bathiani would probably have established his quarters at Limbourgh.

Extract of a Letter from a Person of Distinction at Paris, to a Minister at the Hague, dated December 18.

"For a considerable time together, the Abbe de la Ville, and the first clerks of the other secretaries of state, took care as much as in them lay, to suppress a great number of pamphlets which they received from time to time from Holland, and the criticisms which have been made upon the two declarations of his most Christian majesty, sent to the States-General by the Abbe de la Ville. But since the declaration of their High Mightinesses, all these writings have been delivered to the bailiquis de Puysieux, with the names and places of abode of the authors of them. The Count de Maurepas, and all the ministers, have likewise copies of the treatises; and in less than 24 days these pieces are become so public, that the domestics read them in the antichambers. But as this has extreamly irritated the ministry, and offended all the great ones, all these pamphlets have been suppressed, as well at Versailles as at Paris, where the lieutenant of the police causes strict search to be made at the houses of those who are suspected of having such writings in their custody.

The levies are raising with incredible success throughout the kingdom, the subjects being so weary of the war, that in order to put the king into a condition of finally overcoming the allies, and of forcing them to a peace, most of the manufacturers enlist for five or six years. As the campaign in the Low Countries will be brilliant, and consist of numerous armies, M. d'Argenson abounds in petitions and sollicitations of officers of all ranks to be employ'd there.

The forces of the crown by land, sea, and in the Indies, which amounted at the beginning of this year, to 520,000 men, and going to be considerably augmented, and will, it's affirmed, the next year, consist of 654,000 men, comprehending therein the Gardes Cotes, and the Marechausses of the kingdom, which are not now, as heretofore, under the province of the Count de Maurepas, but under the Count d'Argenson, minister of war.

LONDON, October 29.

It is said, that the French had above three hundred men killed in one Ship, in the late Engagement with Admiral Hawke.

Letters from Francfort say, that several Prussian officers are arrived there, and in places adjacent, to raise recruits; the king their master having given a strict charge that there be not a man wanting by New-Year's day in any of the regiments of Prussia, Pomerania, and the Marche of Brandenburgh.

We hear that the Republic of Holland will take a great many of the Scotch into their pay, and that they intend to have a Highland regiment, which is to be cloathed in the Highland dress.

October 31. We hear that Admiral Boscawen has the command as a major general of the land forces that go on board the fleet; and it is said that orders are sent down to Portsmouth for a court-martial to be immediately held for the trial of Capt. F——.

November 3. We learn from Ratisbon, and other places in the empire, that an opinion strongly prevails, of some powerful princes having a design to lay hold of the present conjuncture for secularizing a great part of the Ecclesiastical territories in Germany, in the same manner, and for the same reasons that about half of them were actually secularized precisely a Century ago by virtue of the treaties of Westphalia. As this, without question, is a point of very great importance, both to the civil and religious rights of the princes of Germany, it makes already a great deal of noise, will occasion a most vigorous opposition, and will probably engage all the Ecclesiastical sovereigns more strongly than ever to the house of Austria. But notwithstanding this, as the project is in the hands of powers that are not accustomed to let fall easily what they have once undertaken, it is thought, that in spight of all the obstacles it may meet with it will be attempted and pushed to the utmost.

On Saturday an order for 500l. clear of all fees and deductions, was sent by his Majesty to the treasury, to be paid to Capt. Moore, for bringing the good news of the late victory at sea over the French fleet, obtained by the fleet under Admiral Hawke.

And we hear he will have the command of the Kent, and be appointed commodore on an expedition of great importance.

There is advice, that a Spanish ship of 200 tons, laden with timber from Corunna, is taken in her passage by the English.

The fleet under the command of Admiral Chambers, will consist of one ship of 80 guns, three of 74 guns, two of 60 guns, two of 50, and three of 40, besides frigates.

The Culloden man of war, lately launched at Deptford, is ordered to be victualled with all expedition, to join Admiral Chambers at Plymouth.

Yesterday morning the agreeable news came, that his Majesty's ship the Suffolk, Capt. Pratten, which has been so long missing, was arrived at Spithead.

Yesterday came advice, that the Hardwick, Capt. —— was taken and brought into Plymouth, the Queen of St. Maloes privateer.—She was formerly his Majesty's sloop the Hornet, that some time since fell into the hands of the French, together with a ship laden with stores.

the Hornet there is an account, that the Amazon man of is taken in the channel, by two privateers of great force.

his morning the purser of the Walpole and Augusta arrived e India house from Portsmouth, with an account, that those , with the Pelham, were arrived there under convoy of the urion man of war, Capt. Dennis, who in his passage fell in about 50 sail of the French ships outward bound, to Mar- o, St. Domingo, Guardaloup, &c. and took seven of them. he chops of the channel, he fell in with and retook a ship Virginia, which was taken by a privateer of 30 guns, who then in company; but perceiving she was a man of war gave chace, made off, leaving her prize.

hey write from Portsmouth, that two privateers of St. Ma- were taken and brought into that port.

hursday the London and Somerset Indiamen, sailed from outh for the Downs, under convoy of the Chesterfield of war.

Extract of a Letter from Gosport, Nov. 2.

On Tuesday afternoon arrived at Spithead, and came into our directly, the six men of war taken by admiral Hawke; of them going up the harbour, got a shore off Borough e, but it being muddy, she will not receive any considerable ge, being shoared up; but she must remain 'til the next g-tide. Admiral Hawke came up with the prizes in the nshire, and had with him the Defiance, Tilbury, Yarmouth, Lion men of war,"

v. 5. Yesterday came advice, that the Montrose, Gregory, St. Kitts, and the Prince George, Nairne, both from An- , are arrived in the Downs; and the Elizabeth, Reisley, Antigua, is arrived in Ireland; being all missing ships; t it's computed there are not above six or seven wanting of convoy from the Leeward islands and Barbados.

esterday came an account, that the Royal Hunter privateer istol, formerly the French privateer that carried the pre- r over to Scotland, and afterwards taken, was lost in Bri- channel; about 110 of the men perished, and only 28 of ew were saved.

Dutch ship from Lisbon bound for Cadiz, in her passage aken by the Algerines, after a smart engagement of seve- urs, in which the captain and several of the crew were .

10. We hear by letters in town, that Admiral Bos- 's fleet was seen after the late storm, fifty leagues from ck of Lisbon, steering towards the Madeiras.

Tuesday last were communicated to the Royal Society, ery exuaordinary cases, the one of a woman who speaks lately, and sings very prettily, after having been deprived whole substance of her tongue by a disease; the other of d (which was produced) that had been taken out of a wo- fter her death, which had lain within her 16 years, dur- hich time she had four children, all born alive.

the accounts from the Mediterranean, concerning the be- r of the British fleet there, agree, that it was never more t than at present, in intercepting of transports bound to a: Yet the Genoese continue to flatter themselves with of obtaining plenty both of men and provisions.

NEW-YORK, March 7.

have advice from Albany, that four Indians were lately r'd and scalp'd by the enemy, near a place call'd Trat, a bove Niagara.

have also advice from thence, that one of the Seneca sa- died lately at prison in Canada; and that the prisoners both Christians and Indians, are treated with great seve- being coupled together in chains. Upon this intelligence, assured a flag of truce will be immediately sent to Canada, some French prisoners, in order to exchange for as many ose poor people as possible.

ANNAPOLIS.

e Ship *St. George*, Capt. *James Dobbins*, arrived here day in 7 Weeks from *London*, with 116 Convicts; having in the Passage. She has brought no Prints; but the Cap- nforms us, that the *Dutch* had not declared War, when ne away, but were fitting out 50 Sail of Privateers; and laration of War was expected by the next Mail. That ice of Cannon-Metal was raised in *London* from 8 to 16*l.* undred, on a Commission being sent from *Holland* to pur- all that was to be bought. Admiral *Hawke* was sail'd ine Men of War of the Line, to intercept the *French* In- leet; and that the *French* Men of War, lately taken by were fitting out with all Expedition.——They had also ccount, That the *French* had taken *Flushing* and *William-* and had march'd 30,000 Men on the Ice into *Zealand*.

A few days ago a sad Accident happen'd at *Upper-Marlborough*: A large kettle of boiling Beer which hung in the Kitchen Chimney of Mr. *Lovett*, of that Place, fell down, by means of one of the Cross-pieces in the Chimney breaking; by which Accident, one white Woman, and four Negroes, were terribly scalded; two of which are since dead, and 'tis thought another cannot live.

We hear from *Baltimore* County, that one *William Appleby* is committed to Prison in that County, and to receive his Trial at the approaching Assizes, for the Murder of his own Child, a Boy about 12 or 13 Years of Age.

At the last County Court in *Cecil*, a Negro Fellow was condemn'd for the Murder of his Wife.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

To the Author of the SUPPLEMENT to the MARYLAND GAZETTE, No. 152.

SIR,

After publishing your Letter last Week, I received from the Loyal Club *at* Upper-Marlborough *(which consists of a Set of honest Gentlemen, principally of your own Country) a handsome Gratuity, for my Trouble therein; with which they enjoined me to acquaint you in this public Manner, to prevent your being under any Concern, or at any Expence, about it. And if you hereafter shall think fit to send me any Thing further on that Head (as I am assured of being generously rewarded for it), you may depend on it's being faithfully publish'd, with all possible Dispatch, by,* 4

SIR,

Your humble Servant,

J. GREEN.

To be SOLD,

BY the Subscribers, Executors of *Thomas Hynson Wright*, late of *Queen Anne's* County, deceased, on Tuesday the 26th Day of *April* next, at the House of *Nathan Samuel Turbutt Wright*, sundry Household Goods, Negroes, Horses, Cattle, and Sheep, for ready Money.

Also several Tracts of valuable Land lying in the County aforesaid, for ready Money or Bills of Exchange. 1

Any Person inclining to purchase, may know the Terms of Sale by applying to

NATHAN SAMUEL TURBUTT WRIGHT,
THOMAS WRIGHT.

RUN away on the 12th of this Instant *March*, from the Ship *Spencer*, then lying at *White's* Landing, in *Patuxent* River, *Ralph Sadler* Commander, a Servant Man, named *William Thompson*, about 5 Feet 6 Inches high, pitted with the Small-Pox, and talks broad *Scotch*. He had with him, a Bundle of Cloaths, and wore a white Coat, lined with blue. 1

Whoever secures the said Servant, and brings him to the Subscriber, at *Lower-Marlborough*, shall have FIVE POUNDS Currency Reward, paid by 1*l.* 5*s.* 6*d.*

NATHANAEL CHEW.

LEFT about the middle of September last, at the House of the Subscriber, in the City of *Annapolis*, a small Bundle, marked IWE, the three Letters join'd in one. The Owner proving his Property, and paying the Charge of this Advertisement, may have it for calling for. 1

GEORGE STEUART.

MATTHEW WIGFULL, CUTLER,
Living near the Wood-Yard, *about six Miles from* Upper-Marlborough, *on the Road leading to* Piscataway,

HEREBY gives Notice, That he dresses Knives, Razors, and Lancetts, or other Instruments, as well and as cheap as any Man in *England*: Those who have any occasion for Jobbs of that kind, may depend on being faithfully served by 1

Their humble Servant,

MATTHEW WIGFULL.

March 30, 1748.

RAN away from the Ship *Winchelsea*, *Thomas Cornish* Commander, now lying in *Severn* River, the two following Sailors; *viz.*

Daniel Titley, a short well-set Man, pock-fretten, wears his own short Hair, and generally a red Waistcoat.

Alexander Henderson, a tall Man, of a swarthy Complexion, aged about 27 Years. 1

Whoever secures them, or either of them, and will give Notice thereof to the said Commander, shall have Five Pounds Reward for each.

THOMAS CORNISH.

TO be SOLD by the Subscribers at *Annapolis*, on Saturday the 9th Day of *April* next, for ready sterling Cash, or good Bills of Exchange, a Tract of Land lying at the Head of *South* River, in *Anne Arundel* County, called *What you will*, containing 375 Acres. 1*l.* 1*s.* 6*d.*

WM. CHAPMAN, *junior*, RICHARD BURDY.

Maryland, ſs. WHEREAS, by Indenture Quadruparti-
tite, made *March* the twenty-ninth, one thouſand ſeven hundred forty-ſix, between *Samuel Hyde*, of *London*, of the firſt Part; we the Subſcribers, *William Maudu-it*, now of *Prince George's* County, and *Jeruingham B g*, now of *Baltimore* County, but both then in *London*, on the ſecond Part; *George Plater*, Eſq; *Henry Darnall*, Merchant, *Benjamin Tafhar*, Eſq; *Joſiah Middlemore*, *Richard Bennett*, Eſq; *Philip Thomas*, Eſq; and *Henry Maſſey*, all of this Province, of the third Part; and *John Hyde*, Eſq; of the fourth Part; the above mentioned *Samuel Hyde* did aſſign and make over ſundry Plantations, Tracts of Lands, Negroes, Cattle, Stock, Debts, and other Things, unto us, and the aforeſaid *George Plater*, Eſq; *Henry Darnall*, *Benjamin Taſter*, Eſq; *Joſiah Middlemore*, *Richard Bennett*, Eſq; *Philip Thomas*, Eſq; and *Henry Maſſey*, or ſuch of them as ſhould accept the ſame, according to the Conditions mentioned in the aforeſaid Deed, in Truſt for the Benefit of his Creditors in *Maryland*, accepting the ſame.

Notice is hereby given to all thoſe Creditors of the ſaid *Samuel Hyde*, in this Province, who have not ſued for Attachments againſt his Effects, nor taken any legal Ways for recovering their Debts, and will accept of the Conditions of the Deed of Aſſignment, one of which is; That whether the Moneys which may ariſe from the Deed be ſufficient to ſatisfy and diſcharge the Debts due to them, or not, yet the ſame ſhall be accepted by them in full Satisfaction and Diſcharge of their Debts, and not otherwiſe. Another is, That the Coſts and Charges attending the ſeveral Truſts, created by the Deed, ſhall be firſt defrayed. That if they will ſend to us in Writing their Names, River they live on, and Claims; alſo that they have not ſued for Attachments againſt the Eſtate or Effects of the ſaid *Samuel Hyde* here, nor taken any legal Ways for the Recovery of their Debts; and that they do and will accept of the Conditions contain'd in the Deed of Aſſignment, on or before the 30th Day of *May* next enſuing; they ſhall have their Names entered in a Book to be kept for that Purpoſe, in order to their being intitled, in proportion to their juſt Debts, to their Part of what Dividend may hereafter ariſe from the Deed, according to the Tenour thereof, if any Dividend ſhould hereafter happen. And to thoſe Creditors who have ſued out Attachments, or may be ſuing for Attachments, againſt the Effects of the aforeſaid *Samuel Hyde*, if they will ſtrike off their Suits, and ſend in Writing, from under their Hands, that they have deſiſted, and do deſiſt therefrom, and will accept of the Conditions of the aforeſaid Deed of Aſſignment; their ſending in Writing their Names, River they live on, and Claims, to one of us, of their ſo deſiſting, and Willingneſs to accept the Deed, &c. by the Date beforementioned; may have their Names alſo entered with the beforementioned Creditors.

N. B. It is the Opinion of us the Subſcribers, that as to thoſe Creditors whom this Advertiſement may concern, which do not chooſe to comply with the Contents thereof, at or before the aforementioned 30th Day of *May* next enſuing; it will not be in our Powers afterwards to admit them to any Share in the Dividend, if a Dividend ſhould ariſe hereafter from the Deed of Aſſignments.

W. MAUDUIT,
JERN. BIGG.

To be ſold by Public Sale, on Wedneſday *the thirteenth Day of* April *next, by the Subſcribers at* Lower Marlborough, *on* Patuxent *River, for the Benefit of the Inſurers or Owners of the Ship* Matthew, Alexander Engliſh *Commander, for Bills of Exchange, Sterling, or Current Money*;

TWenty one ſmall Arms,
Two Muſquetoons,
Six Piſtols,
Twenty Cutlaſſes,
Twelve Cartouch Boxes,
One blue Enſign, Jack, and Pendant,
One red Enſign,
One white ditto,
Three Wood Box Compaſſes,
One Braſs Box ditto,
One Watch Glaſs,
One half ditto,
One Hour ditto,
One Piece of *Ruſſia* Duck,
One Mainſail almoſt new, but ſplit,
One Long-boat's Foreſail,
One Drum,
One large Bell,
Ten Hammocks,
One Caſk of Flour,
One Caſk of ſtrong Beer,
Six Pewter Plates,
Six Pewter Soup ditto,
One Frying Pan, Haſh Pan, and Gridiron,
One deep Sea Line, and two Loglines.

The Sale will begin at Eleven o'Clock.

WARDROP and GRAHAME.

LOST on the third Day of *February* laſt, between Mrs. *Mary Frazer's*, at the Sign of the *Indian King*, in *Annapolis*, and Major *Nathan Hammond's*, a Pair of Leather Bags, wherein were two Yards of Silk Perſian, one Silk Handkerchief, Seven Yards and an half of *Iriſh* Linnen, one Hank of Silk, a Teſtament, and two Horn-Books.

Whoever ſecures the ſaid Bags, and the above mentioned Things, ſo that the Subſcriber may have them, ſhall have TWENTY SHILLINGS Current Money Reward, paid by

NICHOLAS GASSAWAY,
Son of THOMAS.

NOTICE is hereby given, That the Subſcriber has not declined Ordinary keeping, at his Houſe on the main Road leading to *Calvert* County: And that from *June* next *Durant Conner* propoſes to keep Tavern at the ſaid Houſe, as uſual.

JOHN CORBIN.

RUN away from the Subſcriber, near *Patapſco* Ferry, about the firſt of *November*, a Servant Man, named *Richard Cooke*, an *Engliſh* Man, about 30 Years of Age, and 5 Feet 6 Inches high, a pale Face, pitted with the Small Pox. He had on when he went away, a Check Shirt, a Pair of Oznabrig Petticoat Trowſers, and a Pair of blue Cloth Breeches under them, three Jacket, one blue, and one red ditto, a Pair of blue worſted Stockings, knit in Diamonds, and a Pair of Country Shoes.

Whoever takes up the ſaid Runaway, and brings him to the ſaid Maſter, ſhall be paid FOUR POUNDS Current Money, by

CHARLES RIDGLY.

RUN away on Saturday 20th Day of *February*, from the Subſcriber, in *Annapolis*, a Servant, named *John Fletcher*, bred to the Sea, a tall ſlim young Fellow, ruddy Complexion, has a ſore Leg, was born in *Somerſet* County, had on, a blue Jacket, canvaſs'd up the Seams, worſted Cap and Felt Hat; he took with him his Blankets, Rugg, and other wearing Apparel. He is ſuppoſed to have gone over to *Cheſter* County with one *Jacob Seward*.

Whoever apprehends the ſaid Apprentice, and ſecures him in any Goal, ſhall have Forty Shillings Reward, beſides what the Law allows, paid by Mr. *Robert Sewan*, Merchant, in *Annapolis*, or

JAMES LUCAS.

THERE is in the Cuſtody of the Subſcriber, at *Upper-Marlborough*, a middle ſiz'd black Horſe, with a ſwitch Tail, a dull Speck of White in his Forehead, and branded with W (the ſmall c being joined to the Middle of the B). The Owner proving his Property, may have him.

DAVID ROSS.

Annapolis, February 3. 1748.

THE Subſcriber, at the Sign of the *Indian King*, in *Annapolis*, intending to reſign the Buſineſs of Ordinary keeping to *John Ramſberg*, at next *Auguſt* Court; hereby deſires perſons indebted to her, to come and pay off their reſpective Debts, by the laſt of this Month, or they may expect to be ſued for the ſame.

MARY FRAZER.

RUN away on Sunday the firſt Day of *February* laſt from the Ship *Laura*, now lying in the Eaſtern Branch, *Potowmack*, two Seamen; one named *Nicholas Bradley*, a ſwarthy Complexion, about 5 Feet 5 Inches high, and well made: Had on, a dark grizzel Wig, a blue Jacket, a Pair of Trowſers, and a ſpotted blue Handkerchief about his Neck. The other named *John Curtis*, alias *Ragged Head*, a ſtout Lad, about 5 Feet 4 Inches high, and Pock-fretten. Had on a blue Jacket and brown Wig, the reſt of his Apparel unknown.

Whoever takes up *Nicholas Bradley*, and commits him to Goal (as he run away before) ſhall have EIGHT POUNDS Currency Reward; and for *John Curtis*, on Delivery of him to the Ship, FOUR POUNDS Currency Reward; paid by Doctor

WILLIAM GRAY.

at *Bladenſburg*, or

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by JONAS GREEN, POST-MASTER, at his PRINTING-OFFICE in *Charles-Street*; where Advertiſements are taken in, and all Perſons may be ſupplied with this Paper.